APPEAL TO THE JUDICIAL COMMITTEE

The Libertarian Party of Oregon appeals to the national Judicial Committee its constructive disaffiliation by Libertarian Party Chair Nicholas Sarwark on or about June 24, 2015, in violation of Article 6.6 of the Bylaws of the Libertarian Party. Mr. Sarwark's email refusing to recognize the legitimate Libertarian Party of Oregon as the state affiliate of the national Libertarian Party, contrary to the decisions of the Libertarian National Committee, is attached as Exhibit A.

In 2011, Wes Wagner, purporting to be the chair of the Libertarian Party of Oregon, appealed to the national Judicial Committee on the basis of "constructive disaffiliation." Fourteen members of the Libertarian National Committee filed a response brief in which they thoroughly detailed that Mr. Wagner was not an officer of the Libertarian Party of Oregon, thus he was the improper party to petition the national Judicial Committee. Additionally, they noted that the credentialing action taken by the Libertarian National Committee's Executive Committee on July 18, 2011 was not a disaffiliation, thus could not be appealed as one.

The national Judicial Committee ruling of August 25, 2011 found that because the Libertarian National Committee Executive Committee's action "did purport to recognize and empower one group (the Reeves Group) over another group (the Wagner Group) to represent the Libertarian Party of Oregon", that this action was "beyond the authority of the LNC or EC based on the bylaws, and is void" because the Libertarian National Committee did not hold a disaffiliation vote pursuant to Libertarian Party Bylaw Article 6.6.

In this case, we *are* the legitimate Oregon affiliate, and therefore are the proper party to appeal. While we recognize that no Libertarian Party bylaw requires that a dispute over the officers of an affiliate be "treated as" a disaffiliation, the same standard that was used for the Wagner group to create this situation should also be an acceptable standard for the Reeves group to appeal to the national Judicial Committee. If Mr. Wagner's appeal was accepted, it is only fair that this appeal should be as well so as to right the wrong.

Mr. Sarwark, as Chair of the Libertarian Party, and the staff under his direction refuse to recognize the legitimate Libertarian Party of Oregon, list the Wagner group as the Oregon affiliate on the Libertarian Party website (www.lp.org/states/oregon), list the Wagner group chair as the Oregon affiliate chair when publishing state chair contact lists, provide the Wagner group with resources such as donor lists, and only allow the chair of the Wagner group onto the staff-controlled email list for the state chairs of Libertarian Party affiliates. Mr. Sarwark's email makes it clear that these actions are a consequence of the prior national Judicial Committee ruling.

By the standard used by the August 25, 2011 Judicial Committee ruling, those acts constitute "constructive disaffiliation" without a disaffiliation vote of the LNC. We disagree that the Libertarian National Committee Executive Committee's original action was a disaffiliation and thus should have required a disaffiliation vote. We also disagree that lack of action by the LNC is the same thing as a disaffiliation vote by the LNC thus creating jurisdiction under Bylaws Article 6.6 and 9.2.a. However, again, whatever logic is good for the goose should be good for the gander.

This appeal is necessary because the 2011 decision of the national Judicial Committee is a miscarriage of justice and cannot be allowed to stand. That ruling was based on a new rule created by the national Judicial Committee itself, a rule not found in Libertarian Party Bylaws adopted by national convention delegates, a rule that alleged:

"... the Libertarian Party of a particular state, in this case the State of Oregon, is the entity that is recognized by the secretary of state, in this case the Secretary of State of Oregon."

It is absurd that a libertarian organization would willingly violate our bylaws and cede power to the state to select the leadership of our organization. Taken to its logical end, if the national Judicial Committee's decision were applied on a non-selective basis, we would have no affiliate parties in Alabama, Georgia, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington or Wisconsin, since according to Ballotpedia as of April 2015, those secretaries of state do not recognize any organization as the Libertarian Party. Moreover, even in states that do recognize the Libertarian Party, such as is the case in Oregon, the secretary of state is often prohibited by state statute from enforcing any rule adopted by a political party and therefore will not decide who are the legitimate officers.

Contrary to the ruling of the national Judicial Committee, the Libertarian Party recognizes affiliates in all of these states, and delegations from these states are routinely credentialed and seated at our national conventions. Recognition by the Secretary of State's office cannot be the determinant of which entities are affiliates and who are the officers of a given state affiliate.

Libertarian Party Bylaws Article 6.2 only empowers the Libertarian National Committee, not a secretary of state, to charter affiliates. Additionally, application of the new rule invented by the national Judicial Committee in 2011 abridges our autonomy – our right of self-rule to choose our own rules and leaders – specifically protected in Libertarian Party Bylaws Article 6.5:

"The autonomy of the affiliate and sub-affiliate parties shall not be abridged by the National Committee *or any other committee of the Party*, except as provided by these Bylaws." (emphasis added)

We are the Libertarian Party of Oregon established in 1972. We operate with continuity of membership and bylaws dating to 1972. On the other hand, in 2011 Mr. Wagner and four of his friends established a new purported membership body and new purported bylaws outside of the mechanisms provided by the Libertarian Party of Oregon bylaws for their amendment, outside of the convention or any other legitimate meeting of the Libertarian Party of Oregon, and never approved by the existing membership. It is analogous to a handful of LNC members, outside any properly convened national convention, purporting to throw out the bylaws adopted by the delegates assembled in convention, disenfranchise members of the Libertarian Party, and adopt new bylaws granting themselves unchallengeable power and eliminating the national Judicial Committee so that their illegitimate actions could not be appealed. This cannot be allowed to stand.

The national Judicial Committee brought about this injustice. It seems only appropriate for the national Judicial Committee to restore justice by overturning the constructive disaffiliation of the Libertarian Party of Oregon.

REMEDIES

We ask the national Judicial Committee for the following remedies:

- 1. To recognize that the national Judicial Committee decisions of 2011 were contrary to libertarian principles and exceeded their authority and are therefore null and void.
- 2. To recognize that the bylaws adopted by the members of the Libertarian Party of Oregon on March 9, 2013 are the governing documents of the Libertarian Party of Oregon.
- 3. To recognize that the governing documents purportedly adopted by Mr. Wagner and his supporters at the March 31, 2011 meeting of the Libertarian Party of Oregon State Committee were not lawfully adopted and that their subsequent actions purportedly undertaken under the authority of those governing documents are null and void.
- 4. To recognize that Messrs. Epstein, Reeves, Burke, and Burnett are the legitimate officers of the Libertarian Party of Oregon.
- 5. To order the officers of the national Libertarian Party to:
 - a. Write to the Secretary of State of Oregon with a respectful demand that she recognize Ian Epstein as the sole legitimate chair of the Libertarian Party of Oregon.
 - b. Update any mailing lists, websites, and any online or other information distributed internally or publicly by the LNC to include Epstein and Reeves and their successors as state officers and not Hedbor and Wagner and their successors.
 - c. Share membership data with Epstein and Reeves and their successors and not Hedbor and Wagner and their Successors.
 - d. Write to FaceBook, MeetUp, the domain registrar of "lporegon.org", and any other relevant Internet companies that Epstein, Reeves, Burke, and Burnett are the legitimate officers of the Libertarian Party of Oregon.

LIST OF POTENTIAL RESPONDENTS

The Libertarian National Committee
Nicholas Sarwark
Alicia Mattson

Ian Epstein

Tim Reeves

Lars Hedbor

Wes Wagner

INCLUSIONS

We include:

- 1. The text of email communications between LPO Chair Ian Epstein and LNC Chair Nicholas Sarwark.
- 2. The approved minutes of the 2012, 2013, 2014, and 2015 LPO Annual Business Conventions.
- 3. The text of a Ballotpedia entry listing the various states and the minor political parties recognized by each of them as of April 2015.
- 4. By reference, all submissions to and decisions by the Judicial Committee in 2011 related to the Libertarian Party of Oregon.

SENT MESSAGE BEGINS

Dear Chair Sarwark,

The Libertarian Party of Oregon held it's 2015 Annual Business Convention at the Red Lion Inn on Saturday, March 21, in the city of Pendleton. The convention was properly noticed and held in accordance with LPO Bylaws adopted by members in properly noticed conventions.

At that convention I was elected to the position of LPO Chair and currently serve in that capacity. Unfortunately, your staff continues to recognize another organization as the LNC's Oregon affiliate. This is despite numerous resolutions adopted by the LNC and it's Executive Committee during the previous LNC term saying that the organization I represent is the legitimate LNC affiliate in Oregon. From what I understand, none of those resolutions have been rescinded or reversed by the current LNC.

I understand that the National Judicial Committee, which you chaired in the previous term, ruled to defer a question to the Oregon Secretary of State which they have refused to adjudicate, specifically whether the legitimate LNC affiliate organization in Oregon is the one operating under governing documents adopted by members at properly noticed conventions or the organization operating under governing documents purportedly adopted at a March 31, 2011 State Committee meeting.

This being the case, I respectfully demand that you instruct your staff to follow LNC resolutions still in force by recognizing our organization as the legitimate LNC affiliate in Oregon (the one operating under governing documents adopted by members in properly noticed conventions) which has been the LNC's Oregon affiliate since the 1970s. I further demand that staff be instructed to make all necessary changes to the LNC's Internet presence and all other relevant administrative policies in order to be consistent with this recognition.

For your convenience, I have attached a copy of the minutes of the March 21, 2015 LPO Annual Business Convention. Thank you.

Ian Epstein, State Chair Libertarian Party of Oregon

Attachment

cc: Alicia Mattson, National LP Secretary

SENT MESSAGE ENDS

RECEIVED REPLY BEGINS

Dear Mr. Epstein,

Thank you for contacting me. It is my understanding that your group's lawsuit to establish your status as the Libertarian Party of Oregon was dismissed at summary judgment on October 25, 2013 and that you are currently appealing that ruling.

Additionally, it is my understanding that your group has requested that the Oregon Secretary of State recognize it as the Libertarian Party of Oregon and that the Secretary of State has both declined to do so and required that you operate as a political action committee (see attached letter).

As such, I will not comply with your demands. Please do inform me if the legal situation changes.

Yours in liberty,

Nicholas Sarwark Chair, Libertarian National Committee

RECEIVED REPLY ENDS

2012 LPO Annual Business Convention Minutes Beaverton City Library, Meeting Room A March 10, 2012

Call to Order - 11:14 AM.

Officer Reports

VP – Eric Saub gave an update on the goals approved by the State Committee meeting. Treasurer – No update Secretary – No update

Credentials report – 14 credentialed delegates. Quorum is 65.

Business – No business could be conducted, so the Chair appointed Rich Burke, Dave Terry, and Steve Dodds to approve the convention minutes.

Adjourn – Rich Burke moved to adjourn sine die. Greg Burnett seconded. Passed with no objection. Adjourned 11:21 AM.

Approved by David Terry, Steve Dodds, and Richard Burke.

Libertarian Party of Oregon Minutes of the Annual Convention March 9, 2013

Call to Order

The annual convention of the Libertarian Party of Oregon (LPO) was called to order by Chairperson Tim Reeves at 9:11am on March 9, 2013 at the Eagle Crest Resort in Redmond, OR.

The order of business is determined by the standing convention rules.

Chairperson's Report

The Chairperson delivered a brief report on the status of the party. Following the report, without objection, M Carling was appointed as Chair Pro Tem, and Amy O'Connor was appointed as Secretary Pro Tem. Mr. Carling assumed the chair.

Credentials Report

Credentials Committee Chair Mitch Shults presented a credentials report that there are 32 LPO members, and 18 have registered in attendance at this convention.

Mr. Shults moved to adopt the credentials report, including the appended LPO membership list with 32 LPO members and 18 voting delegates for this convention. The motion was adopted unanimously.

The Chair noted that with the adopted credentials report, a sufficient number of members were present to meet quorum.

Treasurer's Report

The Treasurer presented a brief verbal report on the financial status of the LPO.

Bylaw Amendments

With petition made by a sufficient number of delegates, the convention took up a motion to adopt the proposed bylaws revision distributed to the delegates at registration, such revision to replace the existing constitution and bylaws. The revised bylaws were adopted without objection.

Election of officers

The Chair opened nominations for the office of Chairperson. Eric Saub nominated Tim Reeves, and no others were nominated.

David Terry moved that Tim Reeves be elected by acclamation. The chair ruled the motion as being out of order as the bylaws require a ballot election.

With 15 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

1 vote – Greg Burnett

14 votes – Tim Reeves

Having received a majority, Tim Reeves was elected as Chairperson.

The Chair opened nominations for the office of Vice Chairperson. Tim Reeves nominated Eric Saub, and no others were nominated.

With 16 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

16 votes – Eric Saub

Having received a majority, Eric Saub was elected as Vice Chairperson.

The Chair opened nominations for the office of Secretary. Eric Saub nominated Amy O'Connor, and no others were nominated.

With 15 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

14 votes – Amy O'Connor 1 spoiled ballot was cast.

Having received a majority, Amy O'Connor was elected as Secretary.

The Chair opened nominations for the office of Treasurer. Eric Saub nominated Greg Burnett, and no others were nominated.

With 15 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

15 votes – Greg Burnett

Having received a majority, Greg Burnett was elected as Treasurer.

Eileen Shults, Rich Whitehead, and Dave Terry were elected by unanimous consent to a committee with power to approve the minutes of this convention.

Selection of County Representatives to the LPO Executive Committee

Without objection, the convention recessed at 9:43am for county caucuses to select county representatives to the LPO Executive Committee.

The following counties had sufficient members present to earn county representation on the LPO Executive Committee under proviso #1 of the newly adopted bylaws: Washington, Multnomah, and Yamhill.

The county caucuses reported they had selected the following county representatives to the LPO Executive Committee:

Multnomah County – Eileen Shults and David Long

Washington County – Richard Burke and Richard Whitehead

Yamhill County – David Terry and Steve Dodds

Election of Judicial Committee

The Chair opened nominations for the five Judicial Committee positions. The following were nominated: Mitch Shults, M Carling, Marc Delphine, and Luda Neaga.

With 15 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

- 14 Shultz
- 13 Carling
- 13 Delphine
- 11 Neaga
- 2 Natasha Burke
- 1 Alicia Mattson
- 1 Lovodce

Having received a majority, Mr. Shults, Mr. Carling, Mr. Delphine, and Ms. Neaga were elected.

Without objection, nominations were re-opened for the remaining Judicial Committee seat. Natasha Burke was nominated, and no others were nominated.

With 13 ballots cast, the election results were as follows:

- 11 Natasha Burke
- 1 Luda Neaga
- 1 M Carling

Having received a majority, Natasha Burke was elected.

Resolutions

The LPO extends its gratitude to Aaron Starr, Alicia Mattson, and M Carling for traveling such a long distance to exercise their membership in the Libertarian Party of Oregon and their continued support. The motion was adopted.

Adjournment

M Carling moved to adjourn. The motion was adopted and the convention adjourned at 10:24am.

Post-Adjournment Note:

Following the adjournment, the Judicial Committee met and elected M Carling as its Chair.

2014 LPO Annual Business Convention

March 22nd, 2014

Call to order 9:04 a.m.

RPB nominated Teresa de Bellis as Secretary *pro-tem* in the absence of Secretary Ellie Swanson.

No one opposed.

Credentials Report: 27 Honorary Lifetime Members, 11 Regular Members, therefore Quorum equals 3 in accordance with the LPO Bylaws as Amended in 2013.

Treasurer's Report: Greg Burnett reported that the LPO has about \$40.00 in the bank account.

RPB: Audit Report: Reports on Secretary of State. \$317.00 has been raised for this meeting, and another \$300.00 is planned to be paid on Monday. Greg has done an excellent job. Report was adopted.

RPB moved to approve the Convention minutes when the Convention is over. Mike Siedlecki, Steve Dodds, Greg Burnett are on the approval committee.

Election of Judicial Committee members. The Chair opened nomination for it. RPB nominated Marc Delphine for reelection to the Judicial Committee. M Carling was also nominated for re-election. Both candidates could not be present for the Convention but had submitted documents expressing their willingness and desire to serve.

Recess at 9:20 a.m. Discussion ensues about a paper ballot. Ballot is counted by Secretary *pro-tem* at 9:26 a.m. Teresa de Bellis, tallied the votes as such: M receives 6 votes, Marc receives 6 votes.

Motion to scratch Items V and VI from the Agenda. Item 7 Platform Amendments. There is a typo. Item III should say 2014.

RPB proposes a change in the Platform. 9:30 a.m. Discussion of whether or not to replace the entire Platform with RPB's summary. Discussion ensues after RPB's explanation. RPB reads over Platform's current summary per request of D.T. and S.D. RPB suggests that we refer the proposed document to the State Committee to use as marketing tool. Vote: yes.

VIII: RPB recommends that we work to keep the County Parties engaged for the reason that no county has the five LPO members present at the Convention as required by LPO Bylaws to have State Committee representation. We vote to encourage county parties to send two observers to State Committee meetings until the next convention. Vote passed.

RPB reports that our meeting had been sabotaged. He wants it "on the record" for the sake of possible future Judicial Committee action that our website located at lporegon.net has been taken down three times by the group led by Wes Wagner. Wes and company told our web host providers that we are fraudulently raising money by selling LPO memberships and convention registrations. RPB also reports that the Wagner group has attempted to convince the host hotel (The Red Lion) to eject our group and not allow us to hold our Convention. All of this has hurt Convention attendance. Mark Ventanen and Wes Wagner have been involved specifically. RPB reports that in spite of this we are here and we have succeeded.

The Minutes Committee approved RPB's speech without objection, by acclimation, under IX. 9:46 a.m. Motion to Adjourn.

Respectfully submitted,

Teresa de Bellis, Secretary *pro-tem* Libertarian Party of Oregon



2015 LPO Convention Minutes Saturday, March 21, 2015 Red Lion Inn, Pendleton, Oregon

The convention was called to order at 9:00AM. A brief recess was declared so people could complete the process of signing in. Ten minutes later the convention reconvened.

Chair Tim Reeves offered a brief report. Reeves then asked that the body appoint M Carling to serve as chair pro-tem for the purpose of presiding over the convention. M Carling is nominated and the body agrees to appoint him chair pro-tem without objection.

M Carling calls for the election of a Secretary pro-tem for the purpose of taking minutes since LPO Secretary Elinor Swanson could not attend the convention. Richard Burke is nominated and the body agrees to appoint him Secretary pro-tem without objection.

The agenda of the convention was amended without objection.

Richard Burke presented the Credential Committee report. Fourteen LPO members had signed in as delegates. Quorum was declared to have been achieved in accordance with LPO Bylaws as amended in 2013. It was moved and seconded that the Credential Committee report be adopted. It was adopted without objection.

There was no Vice Chair or Secretary report. The LPO Treasurer reported that there was \$456.80 in the LPO bank account after having paid the convention hotel.

Tim Reeves provided the Audit Committee report. He reported that there were only a limited number of transactions which took place during the previous years, that the accounting was very simple, and that there were no financial irregularities.

A recess was declared to enroll new members who had arrived and who had been in the LPO database as membership prospects. Upon reconvening, a motion was made to add LPO member Chris Mackey to the list of credentialed delegates. The motion was seconded and approved without objection.

The chair accepted nominations to a committee to approve the 2015 LPO convention minutes. LPO members Larry Walton, Ian Epstein, and Rob Lovett were nominated and elected to the committee.

Proposals to amend LPO governing documents were considered. There was one proposal. The text, "<u>Sec. 1. Purposes</u>." would be added to the paragraph in Article II of the LPO Bylaws. An additional paragraph will be added in Article II which says, "<u>Sec. 2. Scope</u>. The Party shall not make any purchase, payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, for the purpose of influencing any election for federal office."

It was moved and seconded that the proposal be adopted. There was discussion about the purpose of the amendment, specifically that the LPO would be required to submit regular reports with the Federal

Election Commission if it began participating materially in federal elections (allegedly an arduous process). The proposal was approved by the body without dissent. In accordance with LPO Bylaws, the proposal will be adopted as an amendment to the LPO bylaws if it is again approved by a two-thirds majority at the 2017 LPO Annual Business Convention.

The next item of business was to elect LPO members to fill vacancies on the LPO Judicial Committee. LPO members Eli Stephens, Nick Hazelton, and Steve Dodds were nominated and subsequently elected with 9, 13, and 8 votes respectively.

The next item of business was to elect a new LPO Chair. It was noted that, according to LPO Bylaws, Tim Reeves was not eligible to run for another consecutive term. Ian Epstein was nominated and elected with 12 votes.

The next item of business was to elect an LPO Vice Chair. Tim Reeves was nominated for and elected to the position with 12 votes.

The next item of business was to elect an LPO Secretary. Richard Burke was nominated for and elected to the position with 10 votes. One was cast for Teresa de Bellis and two write-in votes were for ineligible or fictitious persons.

The next item of business was to elect an LPO Treasurer. Greg Burnett was nominated for and re-elected to the position with 14 votes.

It was moved and seconded that a resolution be adopted directing the State Committee to make a priority of the development of affiliated county parties. The motion passed by a voice vote.

It was moved and seconded to adopt a resolution whereby the convention would endorse Operation Groundswell, a collection of projects previously undertaken by the LPO State Committee and documented in State Committee minutes. It was moved and seconded that the resolution be amended to add SB640 and SB641 to the legislative agenda outlined in Operation Groundswell. The amendment was adopted by voice vote.

It was moved and seconded that the convention adjourn sine die. The motion passed by voice vote without dissent. The convention was adjourned.

Respectfully Submitted, Richard P. Burke, Secretary Pro-Tem for the 2015 LPO Annual Business Convention LPO Secretary

Ballot-qualified parties by state, April 2015 **Political party** State Alabama **Democratic Party** Alabama Republican Party Al<u>aska</u> **Democratic Party** Alaska Libertarian Party **Alaska** Republican Party Alaska **Independence Party Americans Elect Party** Arizona Arizona **Democratic Party** Arizona **Green Party** Arizona Libertarian Party Arizona Republican Party Arkansas **Democratic Party Arkansas** Republican Party California American Independent Party California **Democratic Party** California **Green Party** California Libertarian Party California Peace and Freedom Party **California** Republican Party **Colorado** American Constitutional Party Colorado **Democratic Party** Colorado **Green Party** Colorado Libertarian Party Colorado Republican Party **Connecticut Democratic Party Connecticut Green Party Connecticut Independent Party Connecticut** Libertarian Party Connecticut Republican Party Connecticut **Working Families Party** Delaware **Democratic Party Delaware Green Party Delaware Independent Party** Libertarian Party **Delaware Delaware** Republican Party

Democratic Party

Florida

Ballot-qualif	ied parties by state, April 2015
State	Political party
<u>Florida</u>	Republican Party
<u>Florida</u>	America's Party
<u>Florida</u>	Constitution Party
<u>Florida</u>	Ecology Party
<u>Florida</u>	Socialist Workers Party
<u>Florida</u>	Green Party
<u>Florida</u>	Independence Party
<u>Florida</u>	Independent Party
<u>Florida</u>	Justice Party
<u>Florida</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Florida</u>	Party for Socialism and Liberation
<u>Florida</u>	Peace and Freedom Party
<u>Florida</u>	Reform Party
<u>Florida</u>	Tea Party
<u>Georgia</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Georgia</u>	Republican Party
<u>Hawaii</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Hawaii</u>	Green Party
<u>Hawaii</u>	Independent Party
<u>Hawaii</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Hawaii</u>	Republican Party
<u>Idaho</u>	Constitution Party
<u>Idaho</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Idaho</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Idaho</u>	Republican Party
<u>Illinois</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Illinois</u>	Republican Party
<u>Indiana</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Indiana</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Indiana</u>	Republican Party
<u>Iowa</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Iowa</u>	Republican Party
<u>Kansas</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Kansas</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Kansas</u>	Republican Party
<u>Kentucky</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Kentucky</u>	Republican Party
<u>Louisiana</u>	Democratic Party

Ballot-qualified parties by state, April 2015		
State	Political party	
<u>Louisiana</u>	Green Party	
<u>Louisiana</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Louisiana</u>	Reform Party	
<u>Louisiana</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Maine</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Maine</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Maine</u>	Green Independent Party	
<u>Maryland</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Maryland</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Maryland</u>	Green Party	
<u>Maryland</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Massachusetts</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Massachusetts</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Massachusetts</u>	Green Party	
<u>Massachusetts</u>	United Independent Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	Green Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	Natural Law Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Michigan</u>	U.S. Taxpayers Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Grassroots Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Independence Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Democratic-Farmer-Labor Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Green Party	
<u>Minnesota</u>	Legal Marijuana Now Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Reform Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Natural Law Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Justice Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Green Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Veterans Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	Constitution Party	
<u>Mississippi</u>	America First Party	

Ballot-qualif	fied parties by state, April 2015
State	Political party
<u>Missouri</u>	Constitution Party
<u>Missouri</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Missouri</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Missouri</u>	Republican Party
<u>Montana</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Montana</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Montana</u>	Republican Party
<u>Nebraska</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Nebraska</u>	Republican Party
<u>Nebraska</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Nevada</u>	Republican Party
<u>Nevada</u>	Democratic Party
<u>Nevada</u>	Libertarian Party
<u>Nevada</u>	Independent American Party
New Hampshire	Democratic Party
New Hampshire	Republican Party
New Jersey	Republican Party
New Jersey	Democratic Party
New Mexico	Republican Party
New Mexico	Libertarian Party
New Mexico	Democratic Party
New Mexico	Independent American Party
New Mexico	Constitution Party
New Mexico	Green Party
New York	Republican Party
New York	Conservative Party
New York	Democratic Party
New York	Working Families Party
New York	Green Party
New York	Independence Party
North Carolina	Republican Party
North Carolina	Libertarian Party
North Carolina	Democratic Party
North Dakota	Republican Party
North Dakota	Libertarian Party
North Dakota	Democratic Party
<u>Ohio</u>	Republican Party
<u>Ohio</u>	Constitution Party

ied parties by state, April 201
Political party
Democratic Party
Green Party
Libertarian Party
Socialist Party
Republican Party
Democratic Party
Republican Party
Libertarian Party
Democratic Party
Pacific Green Party
Progressive Party
Working Families Party
Independent Party
Americans Elect Party
Constitution Party
Republican Party
Democratic Party
Libertarian Party
Republican Party
Democratic Party
Moderate Party
Republican Party
American Party
Democratic Party
Green Party
Constitution Party
Independence Party
Labor Party
United Citizens Party
Working Families Party
Libertarian Party
Republican Party
Americans Elect Party
Democratic Party
Libertarian Party
Constitution Party
Republican Party
Democratic Party

Ballot-qualified parties by state, April 2015		
State	Political party	
<u>Texas</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Texas</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Texas</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Texas</u>	Green Party	
<u>Utah</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Utah</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Utah</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Utah</u>	Constitution Party	
<u>Utah</u>	Independent American Party	
<u>Vermont</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Vermont</u>	Democratic Party	
<u>Vermont</u>	Progressive Party	
<u>Vermont</u>	Libertarian Party	
<u>Vermont</u>	Liberty Union Party	
<u>Virginia</u>	Republican Party	
<u>Virginia</u>	Democratic Party	
Washington	Republican Party	
Washington	Democratic Party	
West Virginia	Republican Party	
West Virginia	Democratic Party	
West Virginia	Libertarian Party	
West Virginia	Mountain Party	
Wisconsin	Constitution Party	
Wisconsin	Democratic Party	
<u>Wisconsin</u>	Republican Party	
Wyoming	Constitution Party	
Wyoming	Democratic Party	
Wyoming	Libertarian Party	
Wyoming	Republican Party	
Washington, D.C.	D.C. Statehood Green Party	
Washington, D.C.	Democratic Party	
Washington, D.C.	Libertarian Party	
Washington, D.C.	Republican Party	